

Water Conservation & Reuse Strategies for Southern California

Rosalind Haselbeck & Rich Alianelli Building Green Futures Inc. September 23, 2010 (619) 300-7114



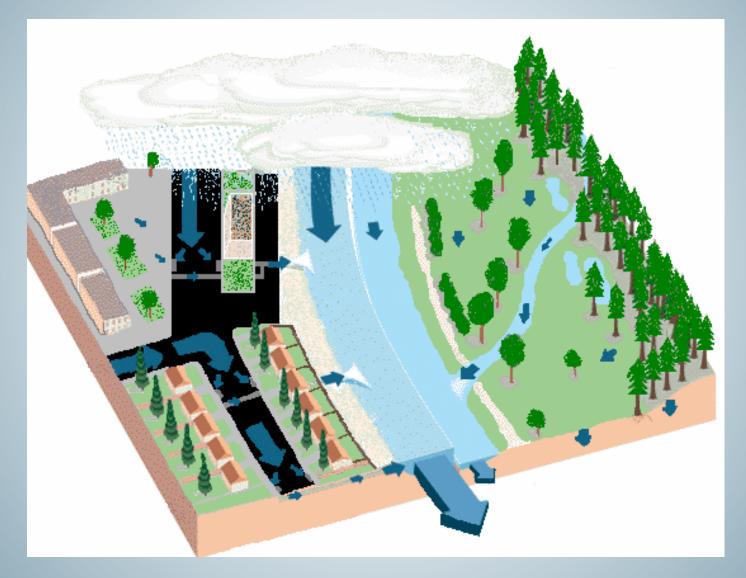




Stormwater

According to the EPA, non-point source pollution(from stormwater runoff) is the leading remaining cause of water quality problems

Water Run-off: developed vs. natural



Source: http://www.coastal.ca.gov/nps/watercyclefacts.pdf



Water Usage

Location	Water use GPC/day
San Diego	164
US average	152
Japan	99
Germany	51
Nigeria	10
Uganda	4
Water scarcity	<13



Source: SDWA Annual Report 2009

Use	Gallons per Capita	% of Daily Total
Potable indoor uses	Contract of Probability of Contract	1
 Showers 	11.6	7.0%
 Dishwashers 	1.0	0.6%
 Baths 	1.2	0.8%
 Faucets 	10.9	6.6%
 Other uses, leaks 		6.7%
Subtotal	35.8	21.7%
Non-potable indoor uses		
 Clothes washers 	15.0	9.1%
 Toilets 	18.5	11.2%
Subtotal	33.5	20.3%
Outdoor uses	95.7	58.0%

Table 1. Typical Domestic Daily per Capita Water Use.³

Source: American Waterworks Association Research Foundation (AWWARF) *Residential End Uses of Water*, Denver, CO; 1999

Example Commercial Building Indoor Rainwater Application

Fixture type	Daily uses	Flowrate	Occupants	1	Sewage G	eneration		
		(GPF)			(gal)			
Water closet (Male)	1	1.6	35		56			
Water closet (Female	3	1.6	24		115.2			
Urinal (Male)	2	1	35		70			
		Total Daily Volume (gal)			241.2			
		Annual Wo	ork Days		260			
		TOTAL AN	NUAL VOL	JME (gal)	62,712			
Option 1: hi efficiency								
Fixture type	Daily uses	Flowrate Occupants		Sewage G				
(Low flow)		(GPF)			(gal)			
Water closet (Male)	1	1.1	35		38.5			
Water closet (Female	3	1.1	24		79.2			
Urinal (Male)	2	0.5	35		35			
		Total Daily	Total Daily Volume (gal)		152.7			
		Annual Wo	Annual Work Days		260			
		TOTAL ANNUAL VOLUME (gal)		39,702	37% decrease			
Option 2: rainwater u	sage							
Roof area = 12,690 sq ft								
Annual Collection Volume = 0.9 x 7.48 gal/ft3 x 1ft/12" x 10" rain x 12690 sq ft = 71,153 gallons								
To meet this standard: 50% reduction would require 31,356 gallons								
		TOTAL ANNUAL VOLUME (gal)			31,356	50% decre	ase	

Benefits of Rainwater Harvesting

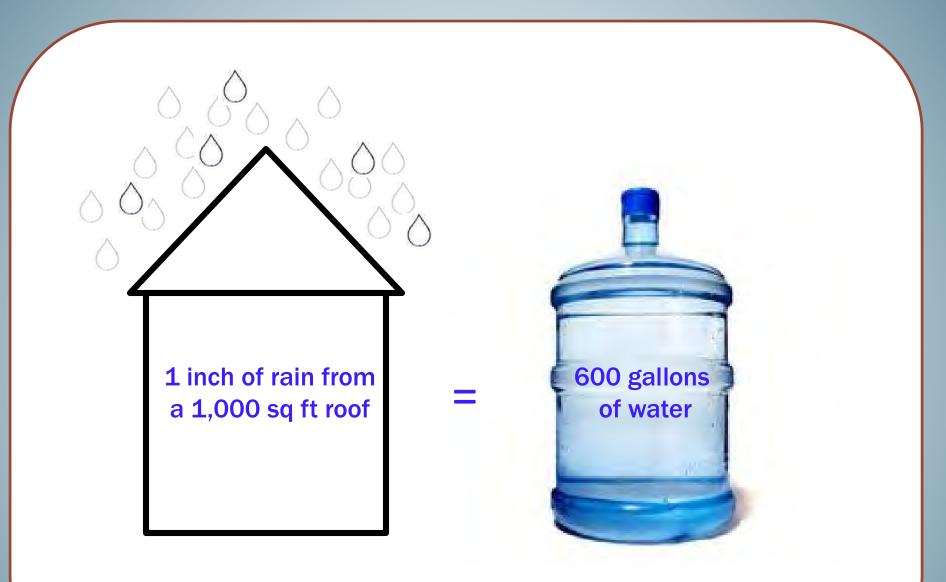
COMMUNITY

- Storm water management (reduces run off to storm drains)
- Reduces summer peak water demands (conserves water)

INDIVIDUAL

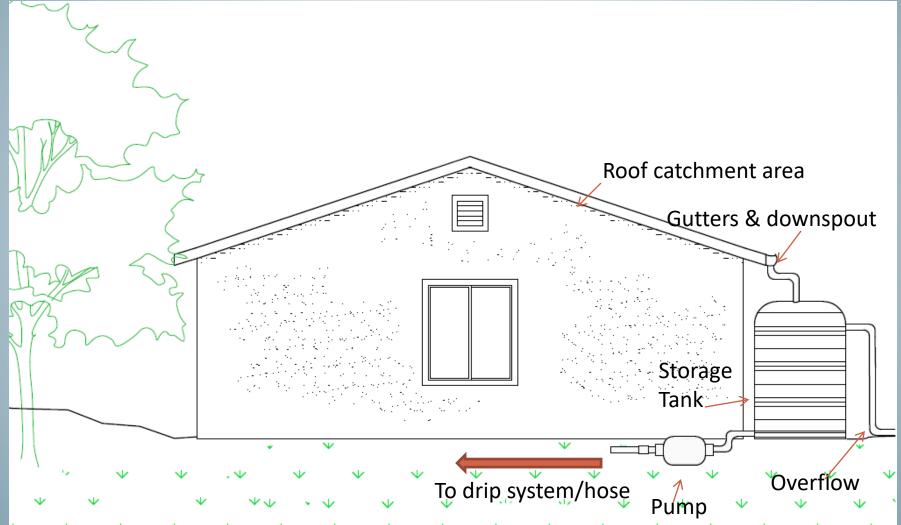
- Superior water for irrigation (soft, non-alkaline)
- Lower water bills (1st tier)
- Possible rebates/incentives (AB 1834)





With 10 inches of rain in San Diego, this adds up to > 12,000 gallons per year for a typical 2,000 sq ft home!

Components of Rainwater Harvesting for Irrigation



Above-ground Tanks



Source: RainHarvest Systems





Source: BH Tanks Inc.



Source: Bushman Tanks USA

Below-ground Tanks



Source: Rainwater Collection Solutions



Source: Xerxes Fiberglass Tanks



Source: Graf Rainwater Tanks

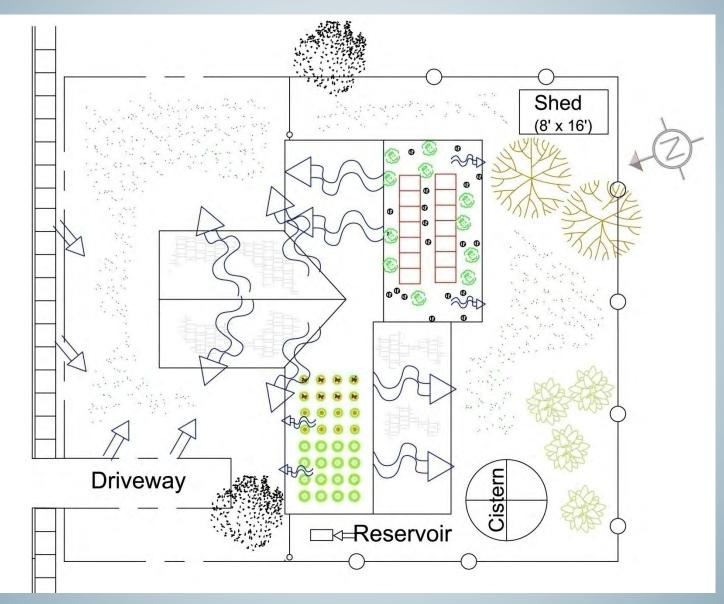


Source: Atlantis Water Management

Using Earthworks



Sustainable Water Management





Estimating Supply & Demand

												1
		Supply	and D	emand	for 10(00 sf R	oof Are	a Inlar	id San	Diego		
	rainfall	rainfall	CA	convert				ETo	Plant	Area	Conver	rt
month	inches	feet	sq feet	gallons	gallons	5	month	feet	factor	sq ft	gallons	gallons
Jan	2.3	0.19	1000	7.48	1290		Jan	0.2	0.3	1000	7.48	448.8
Feb	2	0.17	1000	7.48	1122		Feb	0.2	0.3	1000	7.48	448.8
Mar	2.3	0.19	1000	7.48	1290		Mar	0.3	0.3	1000	7.48	673.2
April	0.8	0.07	1000	7.48	448.8		April	0.4	0.3	1000	7.48	897.6
May	0.2	0.02	1000	7.48	112.2		May	0.5	0.3	1000	7.48	1122
June	0.1	0.01	1000	7.48	56.1		June	0.5	0.3	1000	7.48	1122
July	0	0.00	1000	7.48	0		July	0.5	0.3	1000	7.48	1122
Aug	0.1	0.01	1000	7.48	56.1		Aug	0.5	0.3	1000	7.48	1122
Sept	0.2	0.02	1000	7.48	112.2		Sept	0.4	0.3	1000	7.48	897.6
Oct	0.4	0.03	1000	7.48	224.4		Oct	0.3	0.3	1000	7.48	673.2
Nov	1.1	0.09	1000	7.48	617.1		Nov	0.2	0.3	1000	7.48	448.8
Dec	1.3	0.11	1000	7.48	729.3		Dec	0.2	0.3	1000	7.48	448.8
Total	10.8	0.90			6059		Total	4.2				9425

Project 1: An Aboveground System with a 550 gallon tank





Project 2: An Aboveground System with (2) 2,000 gallon tanks and French drains to landscape



Project 3: a Rainwater Pillow





Project 4: A Modular Underground Storage System





Resources

- <u>http://www.sandiego.gov/water/conservation</u>
 Rainwater harvesting information; residential water surveys (free)
- <u>http://www.bewaterwise.com</u> ; Rebates and incentives (So Cal Metropolitan Water District)
- <u>http://socalwatersmart.com/index.php;</u> Rebates/incentives
- <u>http://www.harvesth2o.com/</u>; Online rainwater harvesting community
- <u>http://www.arcsa.org/Rainwater-10-09.pdf</u>; Rainwater Catchment Standards ARCSA and ASPE

Resources; continued

- <u>http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/gi_municha</u> <u>ndbook_harvesting.pdf</u>; EPA Rainwater Harvesting Guidelines
- <u>http://www.whollyh2o.org</u>; California's Integrated Water Reuse Management Center
- <u>http://www.h2ouse.org</u>; California's Urban Water Conservation Council
- <u>http://www.oasisdesign.net/greywater/law/ca</u> <u>lifornia/</u>; California Graywater Policy Center
- Rainwater Harvesting for Drylands vol 1-3 by Brad Lancaster, Rainsource Press (2005-2011)

